Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

Subpopulation: IDU WHITE FEMALE FMS WHITE WOMEN

IDU AFRICAN AMERICAN FEMALE

IDU HISPANIC FEMALE

RANKING: H

	KANKING. 11	
Name of Intervention	REAL AIDS PREVENTION PROJECT (RAPP) (C -13)	
Risk Behavior(s)	Unprotected sex Multiple partners	
Influencing Factor(s) or FIBs	Self esteem Self efficacy Environmental facilitation (access to condoms) Communication and negotiation skills	
Intended Immediate Outcomes	Modify attitudes and beliefs about condom use Increase condom use Decrease partners	
Туре	CLI	
Setting	Street, business, agencies, meeting places, residential	
Is this intervention currently being provided in your planning area?	No	
Rationale for selecting this intervention:	To reduce rated of HIV infection by reducing partners and increasing condom use	

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

Subpopulation: FMS ANGLO WOMEN RANKING: M

**FMS HISPANIC WOMEN** 

FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN

Name of	Enhancing motivation to reduce risk		
Intervention	Enhancing motivation to reduce risk HIV infection for economically disadvantaged urban women (Fact sheet Pg. 26)		
Risk Behavior(s)	Unprotected sex Multiple partners		
Influencing Factor(s) or FIBs	Social learning Peer Pressure Perceived severity Self efficacy Self esteem Intention		
Intended Immediate Outcomes	Increase condom use Decrease partners		
Туре	Group level		
Setting	Small group- Inner-city clinics		
Is this intervention currently being provided in your planning area?	Yes		
Rationale for selecting this intervention:	To reduce risk of exposure to HIV and decrease STD exposure		

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

**RANKING: H** 

SUBPOPULATION: FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN

FMS HISPANIC WOMEN FMS WHITE WOMEN

Name of Intervention .	Context framing to enhance HIV antibody testing messages targeted to AA women (pg 33)	
Risk Behavior(s)	Not getting tested Unprotected sex	
Influencing Factor(s) or FIBs	Perceived susceptibility Perceived severity Peer pressure Substance use Intentions Cultural and group norms	
Intended Immediate Outcomes	Increase awareness of personal risk Encourage communication about condom use and AIDS with partners and friends	
Туре	GLI (groups of 2-5)	
Setting	Urban women's health and reproductive care clinic	
Is this intervention currently being provided in your planning area?	Partial	
Rationale for selecting this intervention:	Increased infection rate identified in epi-data Reported unsafe behaviors and reluctance to test in needs assessment	

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

**RANKING: H** 

Subpopulation: FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN MEN

FMS HISPANIC MEN FMS WHITE MEN

FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN

FMS HISPANIC WOMEN FMS WHITE WOMEN

Name of Intervention	HIV sexual risk reduction in homeless men with mental illness	
Risk Behavior(s)	Multiple sex partners Unprotected sex	
Influencing Factor(s) or FIBs	Self esteem Self efficacy Perceived susceptibility Perceived severity Substance use Environmental facilitators (access to condoms) Croup norms Intentions Peer pressure	
Intended Immediate Outcomes	Decrease number of sex partners Increase condom use	
Туре	GLI	
Setting	Homeless shelters and street outreach	
Is this intervention currently being provided in your planning area?	No	
Rationale for selecting this intervention:	Reduced high-risk sex partners Reduced number of sex partners Increased condom use for oral, vaginal and anal sex	

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

RANKING: H

Subpopulation: FMS WHITE WOMEN

FMS HISPANIC WOMEN

FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN

All Ages, HIV negative and positive individuals

Name of Intervention	Project Light (Pg. 43 fact sheet)	
Risk Behavior(s)	Unprotected sex Sex with multiple partners Sex with IDU partners	
Influencing Factor(s) or FIBs	Improve perceived susceptibility of risk Improved self-efficacy Communicate, negotiate and implement skills building for risk reduction behaviors Discuss relationships Substance use Cultural and group norms	
Intended Immediate Outcomes	To acquire new knowledge and risk reduction skills To rehearse new behavioral patterns To build group norms to support safer sex/safer drug using efforts To practice new behaviors with a social group of persons with similar life experiences and social demographical backgrounds	
Туре	Group level intervention	
Setting	CBO'S, STD'S clinics, Community centers, drug treatment centers	
Is this intervention currently being provided in your planning area?	Yes	
Rationale for selecting this intervention:	Significantly reduce unprotected intercourse and help to increase condom usage, increased percent of reported condom use or abstinence. Intervention participants reported significantly fever STD symptoms at follow-up when conducted at STD clinics	

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

Subpopulation: FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN MEN IDU AFRICAN AMERICAN MEN

FMS HISPANIC MEN IDU HISPANIC MEN FMS WHITE MEN IDU WHITE MEN

FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN IDU AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN

FMS HISPANIC WOMEN IDU HISPANIC WOMEN FMS WHITE WOMEN IDU WHITE WOMEN

RANKING: H

	RAINNING. II	
Name of Intervention PG. 1-7	REDUCTIONS IN HIV RISK AMOUNG RUNAWAY YOUTH (STREET SMART) (C-23 COMP)	
Risk Behavior(s)	UNPROTECTED SEX SUBSTANCE USE	
Influencing Factor(s) or FIBs	PERCEIVED SUSCEPTIBILITY SELF-EFFICACY EXPECTED OUTCOMES SEXUAL AROUSAL DRUG INDUCED AROUSAL GROUP NORMS PEER PRESSURE SOCAL SUPPORT COMMUNICATION AND NEGOTIATION SKILLS ENVIRONMENTAL FACILITATORS	
Intended Immediate Outcomes	REDUCE SEXUAL AND DRUG-RELATED HIGH RISK BEHAVIORS	
Туре	GLI	
Setting	SHELTERS FOR RUNAWAY YOUTH STREET	
Is this intervention currently being provided in your planning area?	NO	
Rationale for selecting this intervention:	INCREASED ASSERTIVENESS AND COPING SKILLS INCREASED HIV/AIDS KNOWLEDGE INCREASED KNOWLEDGE OF AVAILABLE RESOURCES	

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

Subpopulation: ALL SUBPOPULATIONS RANKING: H

All Ages, HIV negative and positive individuals and their partners

Name of Intervention	HIV EDUCATION, TESTING AND COUNSELING (C-15)	
Risk Behavior(s)	IDU AND SEX HIGH-RISK BEHAVIORS	
Influencing Factor(s) or FIBs	GROUP PRESSURE PEER PRESSURE SELF-ESTEEM SOCIAL SUPPORT CULTURAL NORMS EXPECTED OUTCOMES ENVIRONMENTAL FACILITATION (ACCESS TO CONDOMS AND BLEACH KITS)	
Intended Immediate Outcomes	INCREASE CONDOM USAGE WITH ALL PARTNERS PROVIDE HIV TESTING AND COUNSELING	
Туре	CLI, ILI	
Setting	STD CLINIC, COMMUNITY VENUES	
Is this intervention currently being provided in your planning area?	A MODIFIED VERSION IS BEING USED	
Rationale for selecting this intervention:	PROVIDES TESTING AND COUNSELING TO INDIVIDUALS AT HIGH RISK FOR HIV	

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

Subpopulation: IDU AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN

FMS HISPANIC WOMEN FMS WHITE WOMEN FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN MEN FMS HISPANIC MEN

FMS WHITE MEN

All Ages, HIV negative and positive individuals and their partners

Ranking: H

	Kalikilig. H	
Name of Intervention	Skills building (C-4)	
Risk Behavior(s)	Sex without condoms	
Influencing Factor(s) or FIBs	Self efficacy Intentions Group norms Peer pressure Social support Environmental facilities (access to condoms and bleach kits)	
Intended Immediate Outcomes	Increase frequency of condom use	
Туре	GLI	
Setting	Methadone maintenance clinics	
Is this intervention currently being provided in your planning area?	No	
Rationale for selecting this intervention:	High risk population identified by epi-data	

**RANKING: H** 

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

Subpopulation: FMS HISPANIC WOMEN

FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN

FMS WHITE WOMEN

	NOOTDAO WURENOO WUREN A 10 E 11 10 E		
Name of	NOSOTRAS VIVIREMOS (We live) (Pg. 41-42 Fact sheet)		
Intervention			
Risk Behavior(s)	Unprotected sex		
TAISK Deriavior(3)	Onprotected sex		
Influencing	Self efficacy		
Factor(s)	Self esteem		
or FIBs	Communication and negotiation skills		
	Expected outcomes		
	Perceived susceptibility		
	Social support		
	Environmental barriers or facilitators		
	Interpersonal power dynamics		
Intended	Increased condom usage		
Immediate	To improve communication skills		
Outcomes	To increase knowledge of HIV/STD transmission and prevention		
Type	GLI		
Setting	Varies		
Octaing	varies		
Is this intervention	No		
currently being			
provided in your			
planning area?			
Rationale for	Ingrapored knowledge of reproductive books issues		
	Increased knowledge of reproductive health issues		
selecting this intervention:	Improved communication skills		
intervention:	Increased understanding of HIV/AIDS and STD'S Increased condom use		
	increased condom use		

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

Subpopulation: FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN MEN FMS HISPANIC MEN

FMS WHITE MEN FMS WHITE WOMEN FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN FMS HISPANIC WOMEN

Ranking: H

	ranking. 11	
Name of Intervention	ARREST PROGRAM AIDS RISK-REDUCTION EDUCATION AND SKILLS TRANING ARREST PROGRAM (FACT SHEET PG –52)	
Risk Behavior(s)	Risk-related sexual and drug use behaviors	
Influencing Factor(s) or FIBs	Self esteem Self efficacy Peer pressure Illusions of invulnerability Communication and negotiation skills	
Intended Immediate Outcomes	To increase HIV prevention knowledge and behavioral skills among adolescents	
Туре	GL	
Setting	Community	
Is this intervention currently being provided in your planning area?	No	
Rationale for selecting this intervention:	To increase self esteem To increase communication and negotiation skills Increase assertiveness skills Increase proper condom usage and condom usage; in general	

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

Subpopulation: MMS AFRICAN AMERICAN IDU AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN

MMS HISPANIC IDU HISPANIC WOMEN MMS WHITE IDU WHITE WOMEN

IDU AFRICAN AMERICAN MEN FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN MEN FMS AFRICAN AMERICAN WOMEN

IDU WHITE MEN FMS HISPANIC WOMEN

FMS WHITE WOMEN

All Ages, HIV negative and positive individuals and their partners

**RANKING: H** 

Name of Intervention	PROJECT RESPECT (C-11)	
Risk Behavior(s)	UNPROTECTED SEX	
Influencing Factor(s) or FIBs	SELF-ESTEEM SOCIAL SUPPORT RELATIONSHIP DEVELOPMENT COMMUNICATION/NEGOTIATION SKILLS PEER PRESSURE ATTITUDES GROUP NORMS PERCEIVED SUSCEPTIBILITY	
Intended Immediate Outcomes	INCREASE CONDOM USAGE INCREASE TESTING	
Туре	GLI ILI (PREVENTION COUNSELING)	
Setting	COMMUNITY CENTERS/STD CLINIC	
Is this intervention currently being provided in your planning area?	PARTIAL	
Rationale for selecting this intervention:	HIGH INCIDENCE OF UNPROTECTED SEX NOTED IN NEEDS ASSESSMENT DATA	

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

Subpopulation: ALL SUBPOPULATIONS Ranking: H

Name of	AIDS Education for Drug Abusers (C1-6)		
Intervention			
Risk Behavior(s)	IDU and sex related HIV r	isk behaviors	
Influencing	Group pressure Cultural norms		
Factor(s)	Peer pressure	Expected outcomes	
or FIBs	Social support	Environmental facilitation	
	Intentions	(access to condoms and bleach kits)	
	Self-esteem		
Intended Immediate	Increase condom use with	n main and non-main partners	
Outcomes	Increase disinfection of inj	ection equipment	
	and the second of the second o		
Туре	Community level intervention (CLI)		
Setting	Inpatient drug detoxification and rehabilitation center		
Is this intervention	Yes		
currently being			
provided in your			
planning area?			
Rationale for	High-risk population our area. Identified HIV+ individuals from		
selecting this	these settings.		
intervention:			

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

**ALL SUBPOPULATIONS** 

Subpopulation: Rankings: Sa Same as the corresponding group in the selected HMAZ, LMAZ

Name of	Prevention Counseling/Partner Elicitation (PCPE)
Intervention	Frevention Counseling/Farther Elicitation (FCFE)
Risk	Substance use
Behavior(s)	Sex without condoms
, ,	Multiple partners
Influencing	Perceived susceptibility
Factor(s)	Environmental facilitators (access to condoms and testing)
or FIBs	Knowledge of STDs
	Group or Cultural Norms
Intended	Increase proportion of HIV-infected persons who know their status
Immediate	Increase condom use
Outcomes	Improve communication and negotiation skills
	Improve self perception of risk
	Provide access to condoms and testing
	Improve knowledge of STDs
	Reduce Number of sex partners
Туре	Individual Level Intervention
Setting	Community based organization, STD clinics, other community-based
Setting	locations
Currently	Yes
provided?	
Rationale for selecting intervention:	Counseling, testing, referral and partner services have been recommended as an effective intervention for all populations in Texas. In the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's <i>HIV Prevention Strategic Plan Through 2005</i> , Goal 2 is to increase the proportion of HIV-infected people in the U.S. who know they are infected through voluntary counseling and testing. The CDC's objectives to meeting this goal support the inclusion of this intervention for all populations. These objectives include: improving access to voluntary, client-centered counseling and testing in high seroprevalance populations and increasing the number of providers who provide voluntary, client-centered counseling and testing. The core elements of this intervention include risk assessment, risk reduction plan, and the option to test for HIV either anonymously or confidentially.
	<ul> <li>The Texas CPGs recommend the following strategies to promote PCPE:</li> <li>1) Fact Sheet p. 31. Culturally Tailored HIV/AIDS Risk-Reduction Messages     Targeted to African-American Urban Women. This 20-minute video     increased the likelihood that women would view HIV as a personal risk, to     request condoms, to talk with friends about AIDS, and to get tested for     HIV.</li> <li>2) Fact Sheet p. 34Context Framing to Enhance HIV Antibody Testing     Messages Targeted to African-American Women. This 25-minute video</li> </ul>

- emphasizes the personal losses from not testing. Women were more likely to get tested and to talk to partners about testing after this video.
- 3) Single session HIV/AIDS informational education: basic informational sessions discussing risks, correct condom and bleach kit use, referrals and the like enhance participants willingness to test either during or after the session.
- 4) Bar outreach: sustained, consistent presence in a bar type setting enhances testing. The specific outreach that is known to work consisted of weekly presence in the bar, with an informational table, with staff present and interacting with bar managers, performers and patrons for 2-4 hours at a time. Testing was conducted at the bar or referral made to a community-based organization. Staff gained the trust of all through their sustained efforts.

pcpe

Tab 7 – Intervention Selection Form

Subpopulation: All **high priority** subpopulations, consistent with CDC Guidance,

September 1997

Rankings: Same as the corresponding group in the selected HMAZ, LMAZ

Name of	Prevention Case Management (PCM)
Intervention	
Risk	Multiple high risk behaviors consistent with HIV Prevention Case
Behavior(s)	Management Guidance, September 1997 by the CDC
	Substance use
	Sex without condoms
	Multiple partners
Influencing	Perceived susceptibility
Factor(s)	Fatalism
or FIBs	Self Efficacy
020	Peer Pressure
	Cultural group norms
Intended	Increase condom use
Immediate	Decrease number of partners
Outcomes	Increase Self Esteem
Outcomes	Referral for new HIV positives into Early Intervention Programs
	Referral of HIV positives into more intensive Intervention Programs that
	address the Factors Influencing the Risky Behavior.
Туре	Individual Level Intervention
Туре	Individual Level intervention
Setting	Community based organization, STD clinics, other locations
Currently	No
provided?	
Rationale	This intervention should target only high-risk individuals, whether HIV-positive
for selecting	or HIV-negative, with multiple, complex problems and risk-reduction needs.
intervention:	This intensive, client-centered prevention activity has the fundamental goal of promoting the adoption and maintenance of HIV risk-reduction behaviors. It is suitable for individuals seeking stability and regularity in their lives and/or individuals who are reaching an action step in dealing with health concerns. PCM should include 1) client recruitment and engagement, 2) screening and assessment of HIV and STD risks and medical and psychosocial service needs, 3) development of a client-centered prevention plan, 4) multiple session HIV risk-reduction counseling, 5) active coordination of services with follow-up, 6) monitoring and reassessment of client's needs, risks, and progress, and 7) discharge from PCM services upon attainment and maintenance of risk-reduction goals.
	pcm